

Item 1 – Cover Page

FORM ADV, PART 2A BROCHURE

Industrial Development Funding, LLC

250 Park Avenue, 7th Floor
New York, NY 10177
March 26, 2020

This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Industrial Development Funding (“IDF”). If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at +1.917.658.7661 or by email at Nik.Nunes@Indevfunding.com. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about IDF is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 – Material Changes

This is IDF's Annual Updating Amendment to Form ADV for fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. Since IDF's last Other-Than-Annual Amendment to the Brochure, filed on June 1, 2019, the following material changes have occurred:

- IDF has moved its offices to 250 Park Avenue, 7th Floor, New York, NY 10177.
- Item 4. IDF has clarified the scope of its advisory services. In addition, IDF has combined the role CEO and CFO as stated in Form ADV 1A, Schedule A.
- Item 5. Since all IDF clients are "qualified purchasers," as defined in section 2(a)(51)(A) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and all fees and expenses are separately negotiated with each Client, IDF limits disclosure of fees and expenses in this Brochure.

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Item 4 — Advisory Business

A. Advisory Firm

IDF is a New York limited liability company and has been in business since 2015. It is owned by Nikhil Nunes.

B. Advisory and Other Services Provided

IDF provides customized investment advice to separately managed accounts (“SMAs” or “Clients”) in connection with long-term project finance transactions (each, a “Project”) through a variety of product development and funding techniques, with an emphasis on debt finance. Each Project is separately structured in an entity tailored to each Client’s requirements based on investment objectives and applicable restrictions. IDF identifies potential Projects for Clients on a global basis.

In addition to investment advisory services, IDF provides day-to-day managerial and administrative services for each Project. These additional services may include identifying, analyzing, structuring and negotiating potential investments and financing opportunities, monitoring the performance of each Project and advising each Client regarding both financing and disposition opportunities. The scope of these services is described in the respective advisory and management agreements separately negotiated for each Project.

Separately, as opportunities arise, IDF also provides customized consulting services to project originators on a contractual basis. These arrangements are documented in separately negotiated consulting agreements.

C. Custom Advisory Services

As detailed in Section B, above, all of IDF’s investment advice to its Clients is customized and tailored to each Client’s investment mandate, objectives and restrictions.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

IDF does not participate in wrap fee programs.

E. Assets under Management

As of December 31, 2019, IDF had approximately \$212,561,544 in regulatory assets under management for which it had non-discretionary authority, as described in each Client’s advisory and management agreement.

Item 5 — Fees and Compensation

All fees and expenses are separately negotiated with each Client, as stated in each advisory and management agreement. Since all Clients are “qualified purchasers,” as defined in section 2(a)(51)(A) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended IDF limits disclosure of such fees and expenses in this Brochure.

IDF also charges fees for special projects and/or other ad hoc consulting assignments. Any such fees are described in an investment management agreement or similar document. Therefore, IDF may receive compensation for consulting services provided to business entities that are not Clients. Compensation for such services are provided in accordance with the respective consulting agreement with the business entity, and the consulting compensation would be negotiated with such entities.

Clients are not required to pay certain IDF fees in advance.

Item 6 — Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

IDF typically receives performance-based compensation (which may take the form of an incentive allocation, incentive fee, carried interest or other fees), as set forth in each Client's advisory and management agreement. Performance fees are paid in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 205(a)(1) and Rule 205-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

Since all IDF Clients invest in specific Projects and are "qualified clients" as defined in Rule 205-3(d)(1) of the Advisers Act, performance-based compensation is separately negotiated in each Client's advisory and management agreement. IDF has varying compensation arrangements among its Clients that are managed in a substantially similar fashion. This potentially could lead to a conflict of interest if these agreements incentivize IDF to manage each Client differently due to such different compensation arrangements or to make more speculative or riskier investments than it would otherwise make in the absence of such performance-based compensation.

In addition, IDF, because of differing investment objectives, different investment teams or other factors, may cause a Client to take investment positions that are different from or adverse to those taken by another Client, including positions contrary to those held by such other Client or senior or junior to those held by such other Client. To the extent that a Client holds interests that are different from (or more senior or junior to) those held by another Client, IDF may be presented with decisions involving circumstances where the interests of one Client conflict with those of another Client, including with respect to the operation of a company, the expected returns for the investment and the timeframe for and method of exiting the investment. Furthermore, it is possible that (in a bankruptcy proceeding or otherwise) a Client's interest may be subordinated or otherwise adversely affected relative to another Client or otherwise by virtue of such Client's involvement and actions relating to its investment. For example, a Client that is a debt holder of a company may be better served by the company's liquidation, in which case it may be paid in full, whereas a Client that is an equity holder of a company may prefer a reorganization that could create value for the Client and other equity holders. IDF may have varying compensation arrangements among Clients that could incentivize IDF to manage such Clients differently. There will be no obligation to purchase, sell or exchange any security or financial instrument for a Client if IDF believes in good faith, at the time the investment decision is made that such transaction or investment would be unsuitable, impractical or undesirable for the particular Client. In allocating investment opportunities among Clients, IDF may consider factors including, among other things, the relative amounts of capital available for new investments and the investment programs and portfolio positions, investment objectives and restriction of the Client and such other Clients and investment vehicles. However, situations may arise in which the activities of IDF may be disadvantageous to a Client, such as the inability of the market to fully absorb the purchase or sale of particular investments placed by IDF for a Client and other Clients or at prices and that may be obtainable if the same were being placed only for the Client.

Sometimes, following an investment by a Client, IDF can make an additional or follow-on investment in the same portfolio company or a project. Occasionally, rather than allocate these additional or follow-on investment opportunities to the Client(s) that made the original

investment, IDF may allocate the opportunity in a different manner, including but not limited to amongst other Clients (including Clients that may be wholly or principally owned by IDF) and one or more strategic investors (which may include third parties). Typically, IDF makes these allocations in circumstances where the additional investment opportunity or follow-on investment could not, because of available capital, expected holding period of the investment, risk limits, size, tax considerations, concentration or other reasons, be allocated in the same manner as the original investment to which it relates. Additional investment opportunities and follow-on investments may be more or less profitable than the original investment to which they relate.

From time-to-time, a Client makes commitments to provide capital for investments at a certain date in the future. At the time any such investment requires funding, IDF may allocate the investment opportunity among such Client, other Clients eligible to participate in the investment, one or more strategic investors, and/or co-investors (which may include third parties). In addition, the Client and its affiliates may establish investment vehicles to facilitate the investment of Clients in certain opportunities. To the extent that any other Clients make an initial investment in or increase their investment in such an investment vehicle, such investment will dilute the existing interest holders (and the underlying investments therein) unless IDF determines to increase the other interest holders' commitment to the platform on a proportionate basis. Accordingly, Clients may be disadvantaged if IDF allocates profitable opportunities away from them or if IDF allocates unprofitable opportunities to them.

There may be situations in which one Client (or affiliate of a Client) makes or otherwise acquires an investment that is later sold to another Client. Such transactions are referred to as "Internal Cross Transactions." The Client making the initial investment will bear the investment risk related to the investment if and until such time as an Internal Cross Transaction is affected with another Client. The Client making the initial investment may be paid interest or other compensation from the Client purchasing the investment in such circumstances if believed to be necessary and appropriate by IDF.

Item 7 — Types of Clients

IDF furnishes non-discretionary investment advisory, consulting and other services, directly and indirectly, to SMAs including institutional investors, insurance and financial institutions, state pension funds, and high net worth individuals (as previously noted, collectively referred to as “Clients”). The advisory services IDF provides to Clients, from time to time, may be non-discretionary.

The minimum investment for a Client generally will be determined by IDF and will generally be set out in the investment management or other agreements. Such minimum investment amounts may be waived by IDF, as applicable, if permissible under relevant law. Minimum investment amounts generally are negotiated on a case-by-case basis with a Client.

Item 8 — Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis:

Investment ideas are usually generated internally, through research and analysis, and are based primarily upon the research and analytical experience and expertise of each of the investment and other professionals that supervise and review the Projects. IDF may obtain information regarding investment opportunities through industry participants, broker-dealers and business and other relationships. IDF may, from time to time, engage the services of affiliates as well as consultants and third parties to provide investment ideas, source potential investments, or gather further research or information.

IDF's investment analysis methods may include, depending upon the investment strategy and circumstances, project, legal, and financial due diligence including reviewing project documentation and project cash flow modelling.

Investment Strategy:

IDF's strategy seeks to achieve attractive returns by co-investing with world-class industrial companies in product development and infrastructure with significant upfront costs, in exchange for a share in future revenues.

Related Risks:

As with all investing, there are risks associated with investment funding solutions that share product or project development risks in exchange for future product or project cash flows. A description of some of the more significant risks follows:

- Product development risks: development cost overrun and timing delay risks, product revenue & cash flow timing risks, technology risk, and product pricing risks
- Project development risks: construction cost overruns and timing delay risks, project revenue and cash flow timing risks, operating costs risks, lower than expected equipment utilization, and foreclosure or bankruptcy risks
- IDF seeks to mitigate these risks through rigorous project underwriting standards by evaluating the creditworthiness of the parties involved, using experts to determine the technological viability as well as the utilization expectations of the project, and ensuring the use of top-tier equipment and service providers with sufficient guarantee provisions.
- IDF will review if the product or project developer has a strong history of successful product or project development. IDF will perform customer research and market sizing to determine that there is strong demand for developer's products or project and a significant pipeline of attractive leads. IDF will employ independent third-party utilization forecasts for investments tied to equipment utilization. IDF will choose mission-critical products and projects that are key to the strategy and the growth of the product or project developer to reduce the likelihood of product or project shut-down.

Item 9 — Disciplinary Information

None.

Item 10 — Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

As noted in Items 4 and 5 and with the permission of investment advisory Clients, IDF may provide consulting services to non-advisory clients. Outside of consulting services, IDF does not engage in any other financial industry activities and has no affiliations with other financial industry firms. This includes potential project developers and any of the service providers needed for a project and described in this Brochure. IDF employees and senior advisors, including the owner of IDF, may serve on boards and act in consulting roles to business enterprises, subject to approval in accordance with IDF's Code of Ethics, provided, however, that no access person may serve on boards of any person or entity who sponsors projects that may be recommended or are recommended as appropriate for investment by IDF Clients.

Item 11 — Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

IDF has adopted a written code of ethics (the “Code”), in compliance with SEC requirements, covering all supervised persons. The Code was designed to promote high ethical standards by reinforcing fiduciary principles that govern the conduct of IDF and its employees. This Code requires certain standards of business conduct, compliance with federal securities laws, reporting and recordkeeping of personal securities transactions and holdings, reviews and sanctions.

The Code is designed to protect the firm's Clients by deterring misconduct; educate employees regarding the firm's expectations and the laws governing their conduct; remind employees that they are in a position of trust and must act with complete propriety at all times; protect the reputation of the firm; guard against violations of the securities laws; and establish procedures for employees to follow so that IDF may determine whether our employees are complying with the firm's ethical principles.

A conflict of interest may occur, or appear to occur, when the personal interests of IDF's employees interfere or could potentially interfere with their responsibilities to IDF and its Clients. IDF recognizes that both receiving and providing gifts and entertainment from companies in which IDF invests could conflict with, or appear to conflict with, the interests of the underlying Client objectives. IDF also has implemented policies and procedures to ensure proper oversight, documentation and pre-approval of certain business entertainment and gifts, outside of promotional gifts, such as coffee mugs, tee shirts, golf balls, etc. by all access persons. All entertaining expenses will be reviewed periodically but no less frequently than annually.

IDF prohibits employees from accepting inappropriate gifts, favors, entertainment, special accommodations, or other things of material value that could improperly influence their decision-making or make them feel unduly beholden to a person or firm. Similarly, no employee is permitted to offer gifts, favors, entertainment or other things of value that could be viewed as overly generous or aimed at influencing decision-making or making a Client feel inappropriately beholden to the firm or its employees. IDF and its employees are allowed to make political contributions subject to pre-approval from the IDF Chief Compliance Officer.

IDF does not trade marketable securities on behalf of Clients so insider trading is not an issue, but IDF does place restrictions on personal trades by employees. Employees are required to report their transactions in securities on a quarterly and annual basis and to pre-clear any transactions in privately-placed securities and initial public offerings. This reporting obligation also extends to immediate family members of employees.

On an annual basis, IDF requires all employees to re-certify that they are adhering to the Code. Any Client or potential Client may request a copy of IDF's Code by contacting Nik Nunes, IDF's Chief Compliance Officer, at (917) 658-7661 or Nik.Nunes@Indevfunding.com.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions:

Neither IDF nor any of its principals or employees may invest in the aggregate more than 4.9%

in any Project selected for Client investment.

Item 12 — Brokerage Practices

General Brokerage Practice

As noted above, the investment strategy does not involve the purchase and sale of public securities. In connection with providing this advice to Clients, the specific security each Client buys is the subject of extensive contract negotiations with the project originator. IDF engages in no brokerage business for its clients and does not have a brokerage practice. From time to time, IDF may pay brokers solicitation fees in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act.

Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefit: N/A

Trade Aggregation: N/A

Other Issues and Conflicts:

Allocation of Time and Resources. Generally, IDF is not subject to specific obligations or requirements concerning the allocation of time, efforts, resources, or investment opportunities to any particular Client. The firm's personnel devote time to the affairs of Clients as they, in their discretion, determine to be necessary for the conduct of the firm's business.

Item 13 — Review of Accounts

IDF reviews Client transaction accounts as necessary, but in no case less than quarterly. IDF provides relevant data to the Client such as power plant utilization reports. IDF does not provide any valuation services on behalf of its separately managed account Clients.

Item 14 — Client Referrals and Other Compensation

IDF may pay solicitors to refer prospective Clients to us and if we retain a solicitor, IDF will comply with applicable requirements of Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-3.

Item 15 — Custody

All separately managed account Clients should receive, at least quarterly, account statements from the broker-dealer, bank, or other custodian that maintains the Client's assets. Client funds are directly invested into the Project, so IDF does not have custody of any Client funds.

Item 16 — Investment Discretion

IDF generally receives and exercises non-discretionary authority to manage investments on behalf of Clients, though the firm may also provide discretionary investment management services upon request. IDF typically assumes this authority through contractual provision entered into by a Client. Generally, however, IDF exercises authority to invest in a Project for Clients unless a Client sends a notice to decline a particular investment opportunity. Once Client consent is obtained to commit capital to a specific project, IDF has the authority to execute on that consent.

Item 17 — Voting Client Securities

As noted above, the IDF investment strategy does not involve securities other than privately-negotiated interests. In respect of those interests, there are no matters on which the Client can vote.

Item 18 — Financial Information

None.

Brochure Supplement

Biographical Information

In lieu of adding ADV Form 2B as a Brochure Supplement, IDF is providing the biographical information for Mr. Nikhil Nunes, IDF's sole owner and investment advisor, here.

Educational Background and Business Experience:

Nikhil Nunes, born in 1969, received a Master of Science in Materials Engineering from the Georgia Institute of Technology, an MBA from New York University, and a Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Massachusetts.

Mr. Nunes, IDF's CEO and CCO, founded IDF in January 2015 while he was a Partner at Perella Weinberg Partners Asset Management ("PWP") from 2015-2018.

Prior to PWP, Nikhil was at General Electric ("GE") for 25 years, leading multiple divisions across the globe. During his last position at GE (2009 to 2015), he was Managing Director of the Strategic Investment Partnerships group, where he led over \$15Bn of strategic partnerships across GE's industrial and financial businesses.

Disciplinary Information:

None.

Other Business Activities:

As noted in Item 5, below, IDF also charges fees for special projects and/or other ad hoc consulting assignments. Any such fees are described in an investment management agreement or similar document. Therefore, IDF may receive compensation for consulting services provided to business entities that are not Clients. Compensation for such services are provided in accordance with the respective consulting agreement with the business entity, and the consulting compensation would be negotiated with such entities.

Supervision:

Mr. Nunes has extensive experience in the financial services industry, having previously worked for, among other firms, GE and PWP, where he structured transactions similar to the Projects on which he currently provides investment advice for IDF's Clients. He is the CCO of IDF and is fully aware of his fiduciary and other duties to Clients. Advice provided by IDF to each Client, through Nikhil, are clearly documented in email, investment management agreements and/or investment materials provided, mentioning key terms and disclosures to Clients.

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